TRI-STATE WEBINAR SERIES

PROACTIVE BEHAVIOR MANAGEMENT Part 2: Procedural Strategies

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Tri-State Autism Spectrum Disorder Webinar Series

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Presenter Information



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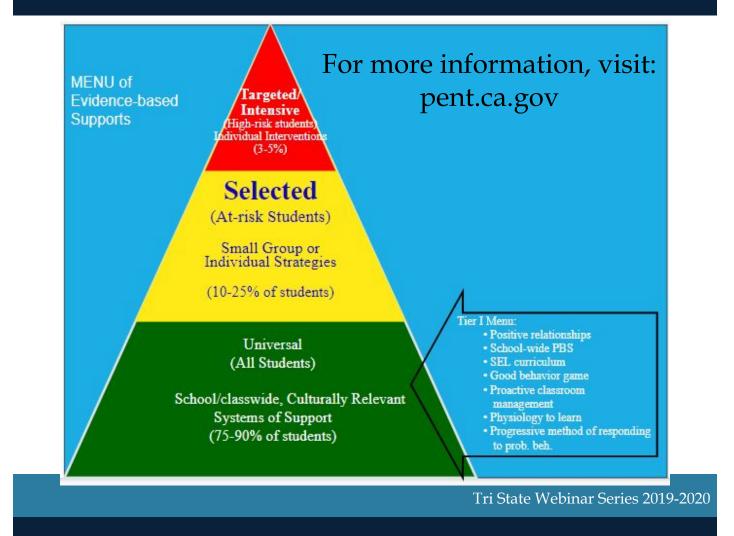


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Learner Objectives

- 1. Gain an understanding of 11 procedural proactive strategies
- 2. Identify the degree to which each strategy is currently being utilized in your setting / with your student(s)
- 3. Develop a plan for how to increase appropriate behavior and decrease problematic behavior through the consistent use of these strategies



17 Proactive Classroom Management Strategies

7.

11

Relationship Strategies

- 5 to 1 ratio of positive to negative interactions (Magic ratio)
- 2. Smiling and being nice
- Positive greetings at the door to pre-correct and establish a positive climate
- Communicating competently w/ students
- 5. Wise Feedback
- Intermittent non-contingent reinforcement (individuals or whole-group)

Procedural Strategies

- Organizing a productive classroom
- 8. Pre-correction
- Teach, model, and reinforce social-emotional skills
- 10. Transitions are managed well
 - Independent seatwork is managed and used when needed
- 12. Teacher proximity and mobility
- Motivation system
- Goal setting, problem solving and performance feedback
- Visual schedule of classroom activities
- Effective cueing systems to release and regain attention
- 17. Providing numerous opportunities to respond (OTR)

PCM PROCEDURES #1: ORGANIZING A PRODUCTIVE CLASSROOM

Ingredients to a well organized classroom

- All students can see instruction without having to strain or engage in effort (*limit response effort*)
- Limit visual and auditory distractions in the room
- Problem students are not seated next to one another
- Flow in, out, and about the room with minimal disruption
- Optimal seating arrangements to enable whole group, small group and individual instruction

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PCM PROCEDURES #2: PRE-CORRECTION

- Use interspersed practice not massed practice
 4 easy, 2 harder, 3 easier, 1 harder
- Use procedural prompt cards
- Review procedure for the task and how to signal need for help
- Focus on process and trying new things

PCM Procedures #3: Teach, model, cue, and reinforce behavioral expectations

Establish 3 to 5 behavioral expectations (safe, respect, responsible)

- •Teachable
- Positively stated (Dos not Don'ts)
- Memorable

Teach and model expectations on an ongoing basis **Cue** students visually to prompt and activate behavior **Reinforce** students when they exhibit behavioral

expectations

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PCM PROCEDURES #4: TRANSITIONS ARE MANAGED WELL

Expectations for *transitions* are taught and managed

- Establish how long the transition will take
- Establish the components of transition

Give signals:

- Prepare to transition
- Now take action to succeed at transition
- Signal completion of transition
- Periodic reinforcement for success, challenge improvement with a payoff that can be earned, debrief what is going well and what can be improved as a group, or privately if an individual needs transition assistance

PCM PROCEDURES #5: INDEPENDENT SEATWORK

Independent seatwork is managed and used when needed

- Independent seatwork is associated with lower rates of engagement and student achievement than teacher-led activities
- Clear expectations
- Have backup assignment/activity for those who finish early
- Peer-assisted assignment correcting

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PCM PROCEDURES #6: TEACHER PROXIMITY AND MOBILITY

- Teacher movement throughout the classroom increases academic engagement & prevents up to 40 to 50% of problem behavior
- Proximity to students is an effective and simple corrective procedure for problem behavior

PCM PROCEDURES #7: MOTIVATION SYSTEMS

Can be individual, small group, or whole group

- Allows students to receive payoff for maintaining on-task behavior
- Remember that items/activities that could reinforce behavior can change over time and are individualized based on personal preferences
 - Satiation and Deprivation
 - Capture and Contrive
 - Do preference assessments frequently!
 - Pair yourself with the students' favorite items/activities

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PCM PROCEDURES #8: EFFECTIVE GOAL SETTING

Goal setting, planning strategies to overcome barriers and performance feedback

- For problematic behaviors, establish a reasonably ambitious behavioral goal
- Try to prioritize 1 behavior or 1 function at a time
- Train the expected behavior
- Deliver periodic feedback to the students based on their progress toward goal attainment
- Reward the individual students and/or entire class for meeting preset goal

PCM PROCEDURES #9: VISUAL SCHEDULE

Visual schedule of classroom activities – posted daily

- Students know precisely what to expect (be specific)
- Students know when to expect which activities
- Students know how much time will be devoted to each activity
- Students can better self-manage their behavior and time

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PCM PROCEDURES #10: EFFECTIVE CUEING SYSTEM/ATTENTION SIGNALS

Effective cueing systems to release and regain attention

- Develop signals that release and regain attention
 - Avoid shouting or using the light switch
- Utilize students to prompt one another to give attention back to the teacher
 - "If you can hear me raise your hand."
 - Clap three times...snap three times
 - "When I say class, you all say" "Class".....

PCM PROCEDURES #11: OPPORTUNITIES TO RESPOND

Choral Responding is a teaching technique in which all students respond in unison to a teacher-posed question

• Students have more opportunities to participate and receive feedback during instruction

Random solicitation of responses

- Consists of randomly selecting students to provide answers
- Students never know when it will be their turn to provide an answer

Cooperative learning/Peer mediated

Think-Turn-Talk (T³)

- Provides students with an opportunity to interact with one another around the topic.
- Has been shown to be highly effective when taught and modeled for students

References

Wright, D. "17 Proactive Classroom Management Strategies" 2018, http://www.pent.ca.gov /mt/proactive mgt.pdf

THANK YOU!

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